## Extending INSPIRE Specs OS Experience 2014-2016

Debbie Wilson Principal Data Architect 21/04/2014



## Experience to Date: 5 Products available for use

#### OS MasterMap Water Network



The only detailed, heighted water network of Great Britain showing the flow and precise course of rivers, streams, lakes and canals.



OS MasterMap Highways Network



DD OS MasterMap Highways Network

Benefits and key features

Excensing:

Spicifications

Related products

C Support.

Or contact us if you have a question that's not Arred Parrie

## **GML Only**

## OS OpenData products

The next generation of road mapping.

https://www.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/business-and-government/products/opendata-products-grid.html

#### OS Open Roads (Beta)



OS Open Roads over OS Open Map - Local

A high-level view of Britain's road network, with generalised geometry and network connectivity.

#### OS Open Names

₩ f. 8. in

#### OS Open Rivers (Beta)



OS Open Names over OS VectorMap District

Learn more

Definitive place names, roads numbers and postcodes in Great Britain.

#### Name River Ouse Form river Local ID osob5000005460038518 335.2m Selby Cani

OS Open Rivers - attribution

A high-level view of the water network, with generalised geometry and network connectivity.





Learn more

## **Experience to Date: 5 Products Access Services**

C Support

answered here:

₩ f 8+ in

OS Open Names API



An online geographic directory of information about identifiable places. OS Open Names API is a place, road and postcode verification tool that you can plug into your website or app completely free.

# XML and JSON





## Approach for extending INSPIRE Specification

#### **Tooling – Enterprise Architect**

- 1. Set up a product model version control repository in subversion
- 2. Create a parent product root model
- 3. Add packages for each of the product families: OS MasterMap, OS Open Data, OS Insight (for pre-release versions)
- 4. Users checkout the INSPIRE Model Reposition



5. Have had to take a copy to include in the product model repository to avoid help queries and created a standard Product.eap project which Technical Product Managers use as a starter project.



## Approach for extending INSPIRE Specification

- 6. Users initially create their product package within the relevant product family in OS Insight package
- 7. They then export it an add it to product model subversion repository its now available to be edited.
- 8. Create your model according to basic OS rules
- Then use ShapeChange using local configuration files which were updated to INSPIRE v4.0 mappings as not available as standard config and overrides ISO 19115 Map Entries LocalisedCharacterString to use gml 3.3 type

😵 Altova XMLSpy - [INSPIRENamespaces]							
<u> </u> Eile	Edit Project XML DTD/Schema Schema design XSL/XQuery Authentic	We use ShapeChange over					
1	xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?	Enterprise Architect as the					
2 3 4	<xmlnamespaces http:="" shapechan<br="" www.interactive-instruments.de="" xmlns="http://www.interactive-instruments.de/ShapeCh&lt;br&gt;xsi:schemaLocation="><!-- Addresses--></xmlnamespaces>	configuration files are difficult to share	E				
5	<xmlnamespace ns="http://inspire.ec.europa.eu/schemas/ad/4.0" nsat<br=""><!-- Administrative Units--></xmlnamespace>	across Enterprise due to IT					
7 8	<xmlnamespace ns="http://inspire.ec.europa.eu/schemas/au/4.0" nsat<br=""><xmlnamespace n<br="" ns="http://inspire.ec.europa.eu/schemas/mu/3.0"><l_ cadastral="" parcels=""></l_></xmlnamespace></xmlnamespace>	restrictions to changing files in					
10 11	Caudadia Factors = "http://inspire.ec.europa.eu/schemas/cp/4.0" n: Geographical Names	Program Files					
12	<pre><xmlnamespace location="http://inspire.ec.europa.eu/schemas/gn/4.0/GeographicalNames.xsd" ns="http://inspire.ec.europa.eu/schemas/gn/4.0/" nsabr="gn"></xmlnamespace></pre>						
<xsdmapentry type="LocalisedCharacterString" xmlpropertytype="&lt;/p&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;th&gt;&lt;/th&gt;&lt;th&gt;gmd:LocalisedCharacterString_PropertyType" xsdencodingrules="iso19136_2007 iso19139_2007"></xsdmapentry> <th></th> <th></th>							
	<xsdmapentry type="LocalisedCharacterString" xmlpropertytype="gmlxbt:LanguageStringType" xsdencodingrules="gml33"></xsdmapentry>						
A. Ca	Ordr more to be added as required						
	N I I Alve al Ann Entrie as						

#### **OS Team:**

**Products & Innovation:** Product Managers, Technical Product Managers, Data Architects, Data Engineers (10 people)

**Geospatial Engineering:** Software Developers, Test Analysts, Solution Architects (15-30 people)

#### Stakeholders:

**Water Network:** Scottish Environmental Protection Agency (SEPA), Environment Agency (EA)

**Highway Network:** Department for Transport (co-sponsor), Highways England, Transport Scotland, Local Highways Authorities, GeoPlace, Joint Advisory Group (UK), HAUG



## How long did it take to develop

OS MasterMap Water Network : took 2 years to develop and implement was our first

**OS Open Names:** took ~ 18 mths to develop and implement

#### **OS MasterMap Highways Network:**

- 6 months to create v1rc1 and 2 months to generate initial national sample dataset in product development (April 2015).
- 12 months to establish operational system and continued stakeholder engagement to finalise v1 and produce Epoch 1 of national dataset (April 2016)
- 6 mths to develop v1.1 to include new features and implement in operational system (Oct 2016) surface type, width....
- 6 months to develop v 1.2 to include more new features

**OS Open Roads & OS Open Rivers:** 3 months to create initial model then ~ 9 months to implement



- If the FeatureType is the same as INSPIRE, then assign it the same name
- 2. If it is a subtype then extend it and assign it relevant name
- If designing an Open Data product or small scale product, then it should be consistent with a Premium product specification (i.e. subset of ottributes)







4. Exceptions may occur where multiplicity > 1 in open data and flatten attribution with number prefix









- Names Do not use the INSPIRE Geographical Name data type instead define our own name attribute and use LocalisedCharacterString for simplicity
- 6. Have also flattened attribution down onto feature type where possible

	RoadLink
	«FeatureType» Linear Highway Network::RoadLink
+	reasonForChange: ChangeValue
+	roadClassification: RoadClassificationValue
+	routeHierarchy: RoadFunctionValue
+	formOfWay: FormOfWayTypeValue
+	trunkRoad: Boolean
+	primaryRoute: Boolean
+	roadClassificationNumber: CharacterString [01]
+	roadName: LocalisedCharacterString [02]
+	alternateName: LocalisedCharacterString [02]
+	operationalState: OperationalStateValue = Open
+	provenance: ProvenanceSourceValue
+	directionality: LinkDirectionValue
+	length: Measure
+	matchStatus: MatchStatusValue
+	alternateldentifier: Thematicldentifier [0*]
+	startGradeSeparation: Integer
+	endGradeSeparation: Integer
+	roadStructure: RoadStructureValue [01]

	RoadLink			
«FeatureType» OS Open Roads::RoadLink				
+	roadClassification: RoadClassificationValue			
+	formOfWay: FormOfWayValue			
+	name1: LocalisedCharacterString [01]			
+	roadClassificationNumber: CharacterString [01]			
+	name2: LocalisedCharacterString [01]			
+	strategicRoad: StrategicRoadNetworkValue [01]			
+	length: Measure			
+	structure: RoadStructureValue [01]			
+	loop: Boolean = False			



NOTE: Open Rivers and Open Roads has stuck to encoding codelists in the xsd to keep it simple and readable by tools like QGIS directly

#### 3.7 Dictionaries and Code lists (8.4.4.13, 8.4.4.14)

Until recently, OS products have used enumerations, where the controlled list of values is specified in the schema.

a) GML SF allows elements with string content from a code list, where an instance looks like:

<os:functionTheme

codeSpace="http://os.uk/xml/codelists/sitethemes.xml">Education</os: functionTheme>

We adopted this approach in the Sites layer, so that additional themes could be added without amending the XSD.

b) GML SF also allows 'elements that reference other resources' (8.4.4.13).

```
<water:reasonForChange
xlink:href="http://os.uk/xml/codelists/reasonforchange.xml#new"
xlink:title="new"/>
```

GML 3.3 deprecates the code list pattern and states that all references to external dictionaries shall use the reference pattern. INSPIRE is moving to this position.

Note: often the fragment identifier and the title will be the same, but they may differ. The href fragment has to conform to URL fragment syntax (e.g. it cannot contain a space), the title is intended to be human readable. So for example, when we move Sites Layer over to this approach, there will be <function

xlink:href=http://os.uk/xml/codelists/sitefunctions.xml#specialNeedsEducation"
title="Special Needs Education"/>

Exposing the fragment identifier will always provide something meaningful, but sometimes it will not be as readable as the title.

#### https://www.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/docs/policies/gmldesign-policy.pdf

GML Design Policy V2.0 December 2015 © Ordnance Survey 2015 Page 9 of 13

NOTE: OS Open Names was developed against v 3.0 schemas so have combo of gml 3.2. and gml 3.3 encodings!

#### 3.7 Dictionaries and Code lists (8.4.4.13, 8.4.4.14)

Until recently, OS products have used enumerations, where the controlled list of values is specified in the schema.

a) GML SF allows elements with string content fron

<os:functionTheme codeSpace="http://os.uk/xml/codelists/s functionTheme>

We adopted this approach in the Sites layer, so that add amending the XSD.

b) GML SF also allows 'elements that reference othe

OS MasterMap Highways Network v1.0 released in March 2016 based on v4.0 schemas so uses gml 3.3

<water:reasonForChange

xlink:href="http://os.uk/xml/codelists/reasonforchange.xml#new"

</gmd:MD Resolution> </gr:mostDetailedViewingResolution> <gn:name> <gn:GeographicalName> <gn:language xsi:nil="true" nilReason="inapplicable"/> <gn:nativeness codeSpace="http://inspire.ec.europa.eu/codelist/NativenessValue">endonym</gn:nativeness> <gn:nameStatus codeSpace="http://inspire.ec.europa.eu/codelist/NameStatusValue">official</gn:nameStatus> <qn:sourceOfName>OS Open Names</qn:sourceOfName> <gn:pronunciation nilReason="missing" xsi:nil="true"/> <gn:spelling> <qn:SpellingOfName> <gn:text>ZE2 9YL</gn:text> <qn:script>Latn</qn:script> </gn:SpellingOfName> </gr:spelling> </gn:GeographicalName> </an:name> <qn:type codeSpace="http://inspire.ec.europa.eu/codelist/NamedPlaceTypeValue">other</qn:type> <names:inCounty xlink:title="Shetland Islands" xlink:role="http://data.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/ontology/admingeo/UnitaryAuthority" xlink:href="http://data.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/id/70000000030514"/> <names:inEuropeanRegion xlink:title="Scotland" xlink:href="http://data.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/id/700000000041429"/> <names:inCountry xlink:title="Scotland" xlink:href="http://data.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/id/country/scotland"/> </names:NamedPlace> </gml:featureMember> <gml:featureMember> cnamoe:NamodDlaco.oml:id="ocob400000074554300"> accigit policy.pol



GML Design Policy V2.0 December 2015 © Ordnance Survey 2015 Page 9 of 13

## Lessons Learned – Linkages to other features vs attributes





#### Lessons Learned – Linkages to other features vs attributes

Users don't really like these in GML and they are difficult to manage as URIs if you haven't yet set up resolvable URIs. Would have been easier to treat as attributes. Most people download the CSV encoding of OS Open Names. Need to use the xlink:title as well as xlink:href to make life simpler when loading data into database no need for regex transformers on href. Though we needed to request Safe to support xlink:title in FME 2016. Still not supported in QGIS.

</gmd:MD Resolution> </gr:mostDetailedViewingResolution> <gn:name> <gn:GeographicalName> <gn:language xsi:nil="true" nilReason="inapplicable"/> <gn:nativeness codeSpace="http://inspire.ec.europa.eu/codelist/NativenessValue">endonym</gn:nativeness> <gn:nameStatus codeSpace="http://inspire.ec.europa.eu/codelist/NameStatusValue">official</gn:nameStatus> <gn:sourceOfName>OS Open Names</gn:sourceOfName> <gn:pronunciation nilReason="missing" xsi:nil="true"/> <qn:spelling> <qn:SpellingOfName> <gn:text>ZE2 9YL</gn:text> <gn:script>Latn</gn:script> </gr:SpellingOfName> </gr:spelling> </gr:GeographicalName> </gn:name> <qn:type codeSpace="http://inspire.ec.europa.eu/codelist/NamedPlaceTypeValue">other</qn:type> <names:inCounty xlink:title="Shetland Islands" xlink:role="http://data.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/ontology/admingeo/UnitaryAuthority" xlink:href="http://data.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/id/70000000030514"/> <names:inEuropeanRegion xlink:title="Scotland" xlink:href="http://data.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/id/700000000041429"/> <names:inCountry xlink:title="Scotland" xlink:href="http://data.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/id/country/scotland"/> </names:NamedPlace> These are references to </gml:featureMember> <gml:featureMember> chamoe:NamodDlaco.aml;id="ocab400000074554300"> BoundaryLine Linked Data API



## **Technical Specification Documentation**

• Developed Documentation Templates in Enterprise Architect to allow Technical Product Managers to automatically generate the data structure





## **Technical Specification Documentation**



#### Figure 7 Context diagram for AccessRestriction.



#### Attribution

FeatureType» AccessRestriction	an .	
Definition: A restriction based or	vehicular access to a highway.	
Attribute: id		
Definition: Unique identifier, for	AccessRestriction this is a TOID	
Type: CharacterString	Size: 20	Multiplicity: [1]
Attribute: identifier		
Definition: Uniform Resource Ide	entifier	110
Type: CharacterString	Size: 37	Multiplicity: [1]

OS MasterMap® Highways Network Version 1 Routing and Asset Management Information v1.01 – 04/2016

Crown copyright Page 21 of 51

Attribute: beginLifespanVersion +vo	INSPIRE	
Definition: Date and time at which to set.	his version of the spatial object w	ras inserted or changed in the spatial data
Type:DateTime		Multiplicity: [1]
Attribute: networkRef «voidable»	INSPIRE	
Definition: Spatial reference of the n	etwork-related property.	
Type: NetworkReference		Multiplicity: [1*]
Attribute: validFrom «voidable»		INSPIRE
Definition: The time when the transp	port property started to exist in the	he real world.
Type: DateTime		Multiplicity: [1]
Attribute: restriction		INSPIRE
Definition: Nature of the access rest	riction.	112
Type: AccessRestrictionValue	Size: 21	Multiplicity: [1]
Attribute: inclusion		
Definition: Types of vehicle or use th	at the restriction applies to.	
Type: VehicleQualifier	Multiplicity: [01]	
Attribute: exemption		
Definition: Types of vehicle or use th	at are exempt from the restrictio	an.
Type: VehicleQualifier		Multiplicity: [01]

**OS GML Design Policy**: <u>https://www.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/docs/policies/gml-design-policy.pdf</u>

OS MasterMap Highways Network: https://www.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/businessand-government/help-and-support/products/os-mastermap-highways-network.html OS MasterMap Water Network: https://www.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/business-andgovernment/help-and-support/products/os-mastermap-water-network.html https://www.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/docs/sample-data/os-mastermap-water-networksample-data.gz#sample-data-download OS Open Names: https://www.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/business-andgovernment/products/os-open-names.html OS Open Rivers: https://www.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/business-andgovernment/products/os-open-rivers.html OS Open Roads: https://www.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/business-andgovernment/products/os-open-rivers.html

OS Open Data Download:

https://www.ordnancesurvey.co.uk/opendatadownload/products.html OS Names API: https://apidocs.os.uk/docs/os-names-overview

